Role of basal insulin supplement in therapy of Type II Diabetes

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Summary: Therapy of Type II diabetes should include the long-term aim of preventing the complications of the disease. The mounting evidence that hyperglycaemia per se can induce diabetic tissue change, by glycosylation of proteins or via the sorbitol pathway, suggests that patients with diabetes should probably aim for normal plasma glucose concentrations in order to reduce the risk of developing micro- and macrovascular disease.